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What is claimed is:

- A microorganism belonging to the genus Escherichia and having purine nucleoside-producing ability.
- 2. The microorganism according to claim 1, which has acquired the purine nucleoside-producing ability because of an increase of an activity of an enzyme involved in purine nucleoside biosynthesis in cells of the microorganism.
 - 3. The microorganism according to claim 1, which has acquired the purine nucleoside-producing ability because of an increase of an expression amount of a gene for an enzyme involved in purine nucleoside biosynthesis.
 - 4. The microorganism according to claim 1, which has acquired the purine nucleoside-producing ability because of deregulation of control of an enzyme involved in purine nucleoside biosynthesis.
 - 5. The microorganism according to claim 4, the control of the enzyme involved in the purine nucleoside biosynthesis is desensitized by desensitization of feedback inhibition.
- 6. The microorganism according to any one of claims 320 5, wherein the enzyme involved in the purine nucleoside biosynthesis is phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate amidotransferase.
 - 7. The microorganism according to claims 3 or 4, wherein the enzyme involved in the purine nucleoside biosynthesis is phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthetase.
 - 8. The microorganism according to claim 4, wherein the control of the enzyme involved in the purine nucleoside biosynthesis is derepressed by inactivation of a purine

repressor.

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- 9. The microorganism according to claim 1, which has acquired the purine nucleoside-producing ability because of blockage of a reaction branching from purine nucleoside biosynthesis and leading to another metabolite.
- 10. The microorganism according to claim 9, wherein the reaction branching from the purine nucleoside biosynthesis and leading to another metabolite is a reaction catalyzed by an enzyme selected from the group consisting of succinyl-adenosine monophosphate synthase, purine nucleoside phosphorylase, adenosine deaminase, inosine-guanosine kinase, guanosine monophosphate reductase, 6-phosphogluconate dehydrase, phosphoglucose isomerase, adenine deaminase, and xanthosine phosphorylase.
- 15 11. The microorganism according to claim 1, which is enhanced in the purine nucleoside-producing ability by weakening of incorporation of a purine nucleoside into cells of the microorganism.
- 12. The microorganism according to claim 11, wherein the
 20 incorporation of the purine nucleoside into cells of the
 20 microorganism is weakened by blockage of a reaction involved
 21 in the incorporation of the purine nucleoside into cells of
 22 the microorganism, and the reaction involved in the
 23 microorganism is a reaction catalyzed by nucleoside permease.
 - 13. A method for producing a purine nucleoside by fermentation comprising culturing the microorganism as

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defined in any one of claims 1-12 in a culture medium to produce and accumulate the purine nucleoside in the medium, and collecting the purine nucleoside.

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